



MCP-PMT studies for the Disc DIRC

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on behalf of the PANDA Cherenkov Group

DIRC 2015, Castle Rauischholzhausen



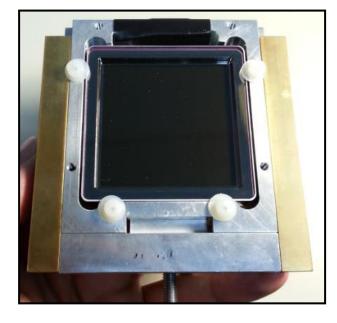


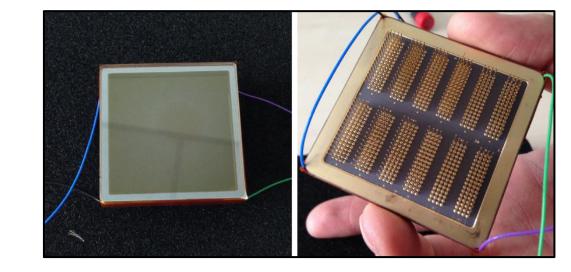
Endcap Disc DIRC

More info on the DISC Dirc talk by Mustafa Schmidt prism mirror focusing α_{FEI}^{+} element (FEL) optical bandpass filter MCP-PMT trapped by total internal reflection radiator refraction losses

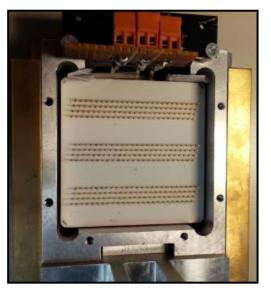
Detector consist of 4 independent quadrants

Our current "motor pool"







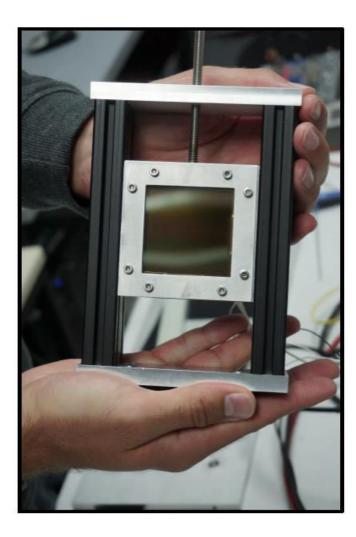


PHOTONIS	Hamamatsu
2 sensors with 3x100 pixels	1 sensor with 6x128 pixels
0.5mm anode pitch	0.4mm anode pitch
45x45mm ²	53x53mm ²

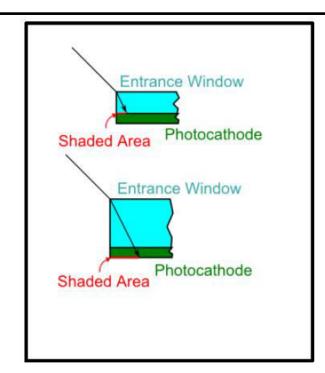
Suitable for single photon detection

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New Photonis Device



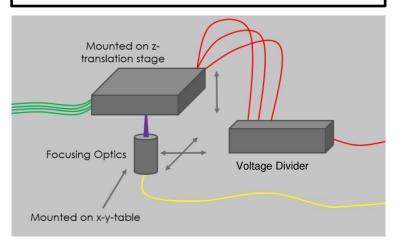
- Looks like the first prototype, but does not have prox. focus option
- i.e. MCP and anodes are further apart
- Position resolution <u>without external fields</u> should be worse compared to the prox. focus option
- Advantage: less shading effects and more active area
- Last years results show PHOTONIS device with prox. focus ($\sigma = 183 \ \mu m$, see next slide)



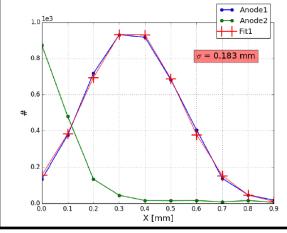
Reminder

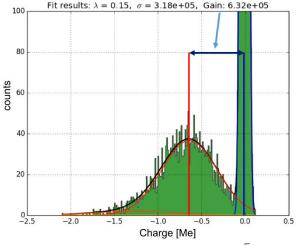


Measurements without magnetic field can be taken with our fully automated setup

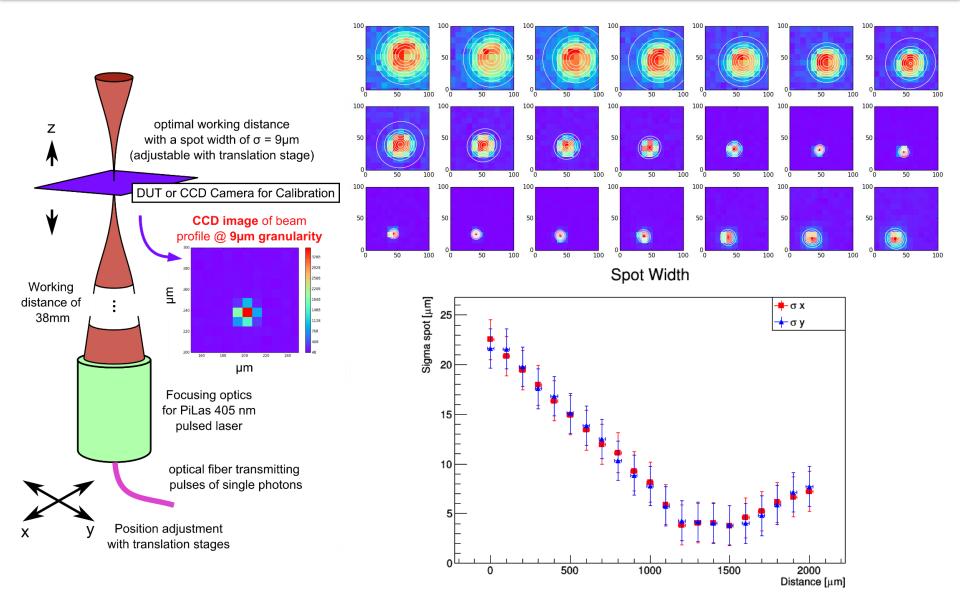


- Charge spectra
- position resolution
- Last years results show PHOTONIS device with prox. focus $(\sigma = 183 \ \mu m)$

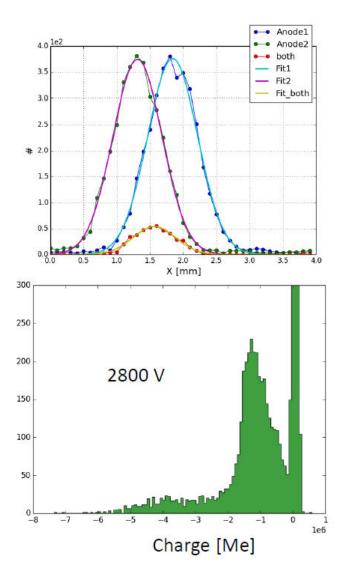




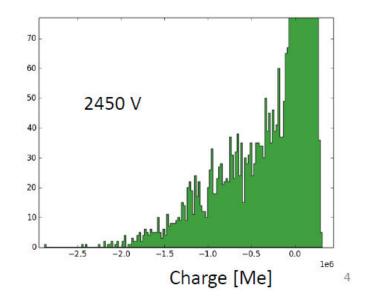
Spot width of laser



New Photonis Device



- Measured position resolution in automated setup
- $\sigma = 376 \, \mu m$
- Charge spectrum at 2450 V does not show nicely seperated single photon peak (like prox. focus did)
- Increasing the voltage to 2800 V (max voltage) reveals single photon peak



Magnet Box



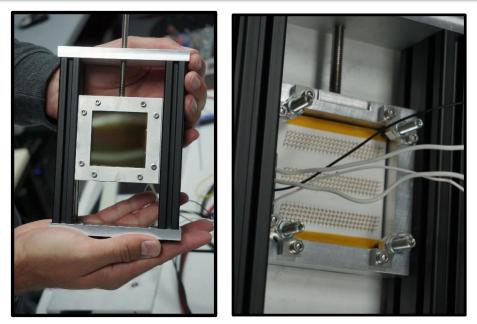
- In the next step the magnet box was used to do measurements with a magnetic field applied
- We use 8 very strong neodymium magnets in 2 x 4 magnet walls
- The walls can be moved to 6 different positions or can be removed completely

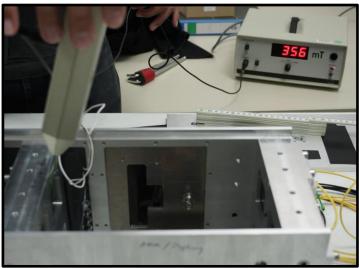




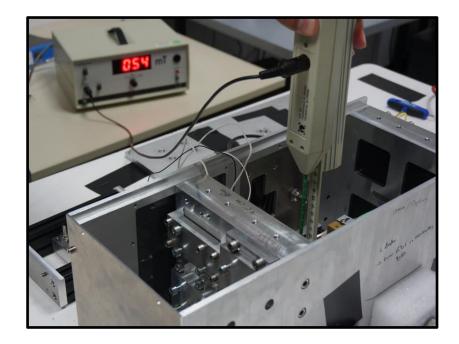
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PHOTONIS in the magnet box

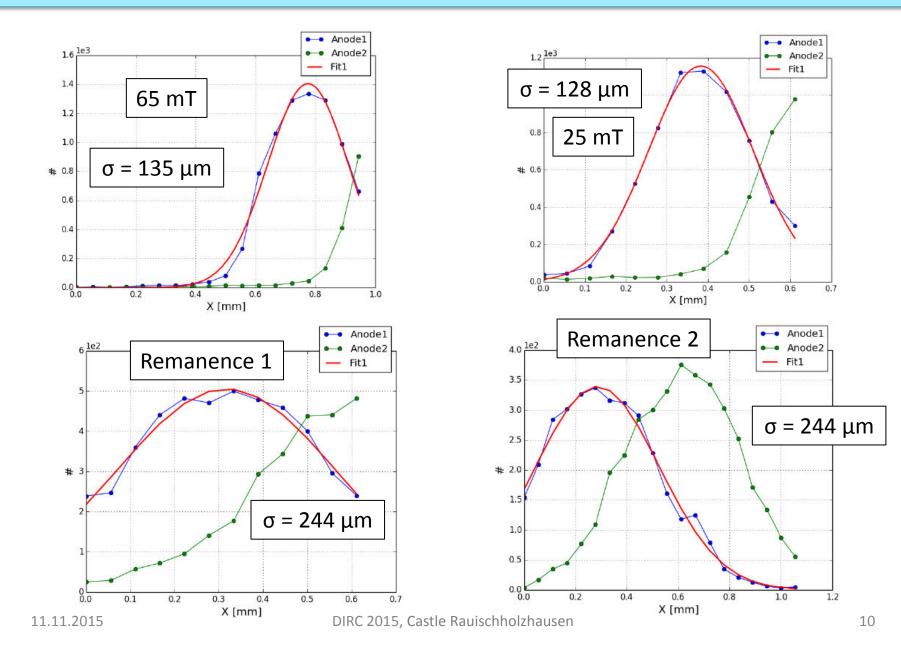




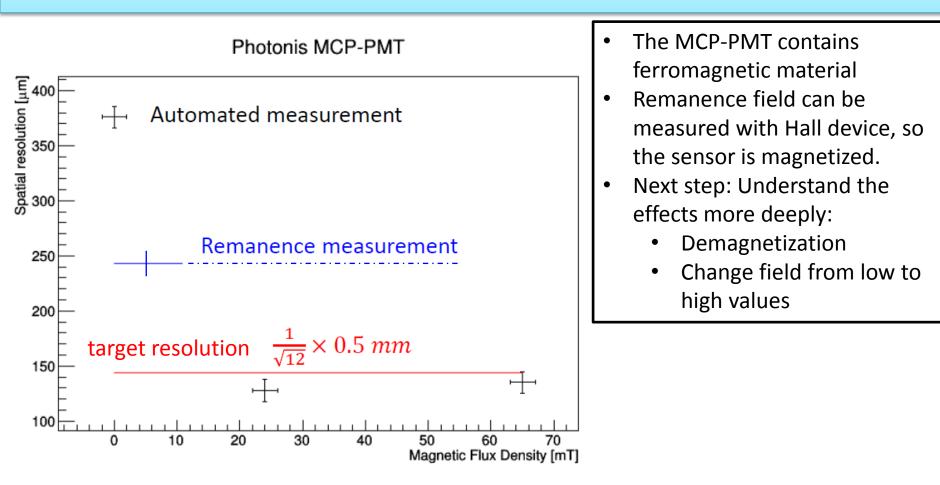
- The magnetic field is quite homogenous in the middle of the two magnet walls
- Field is measured in the absence of the sensor
- Different field strength can be dialed
 - (65, 55, 43, 34, 33, 24) mT



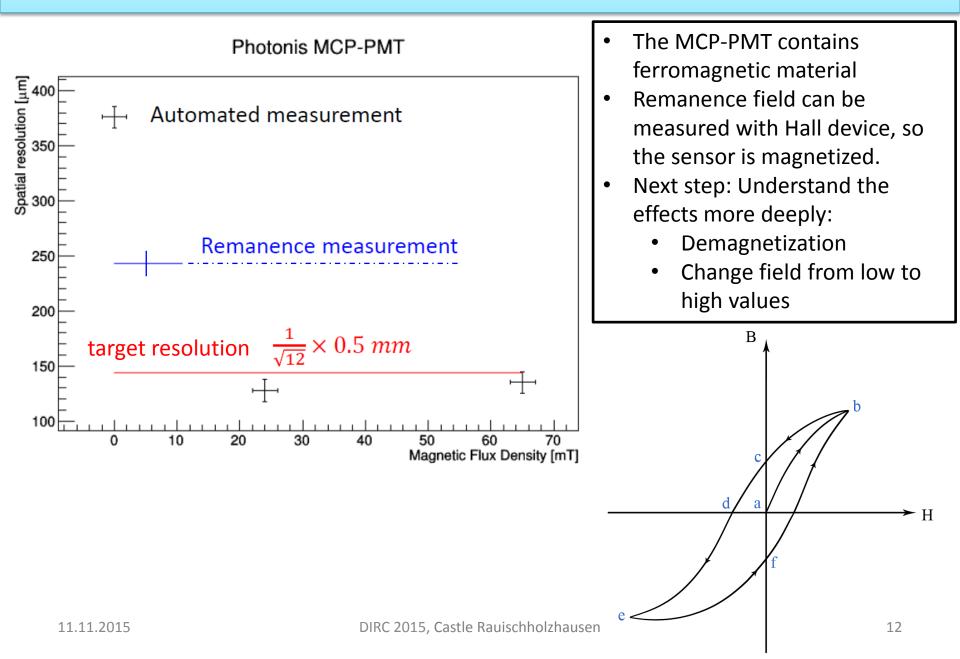
PHOTONIS PRELIMINARY



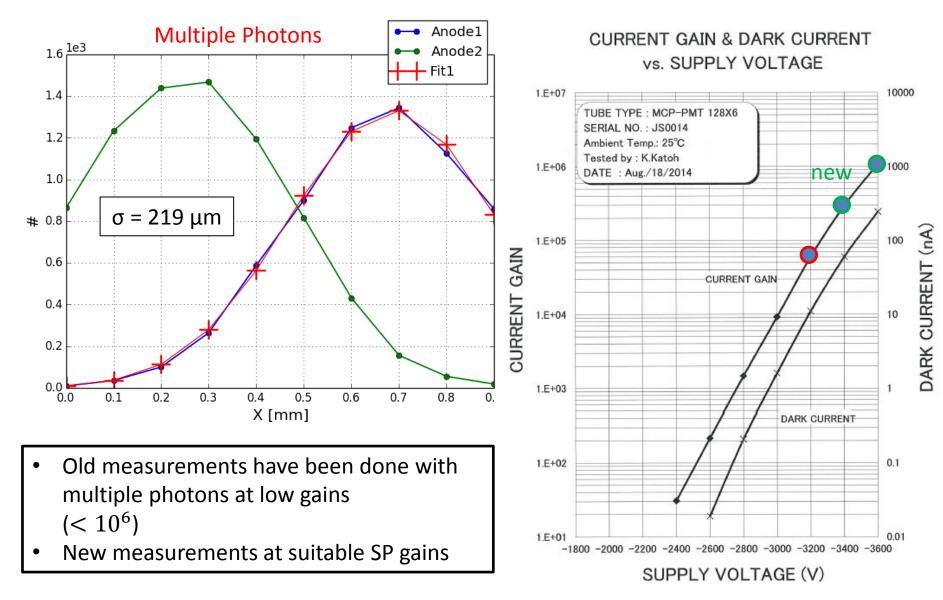
PHOTONIS overview PRELIMINARY



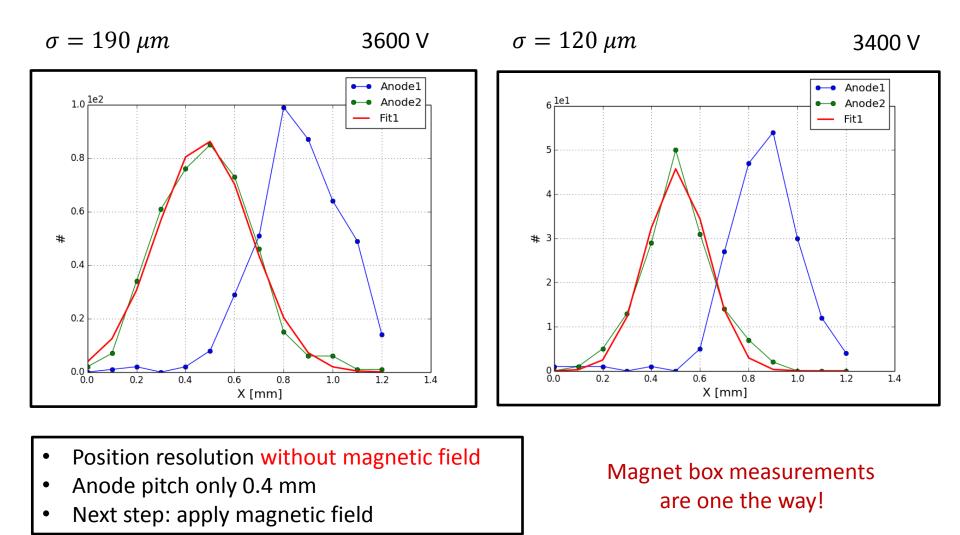
PHOTONIS overview PRELIMINARY



Hamamatsu (Reminder)

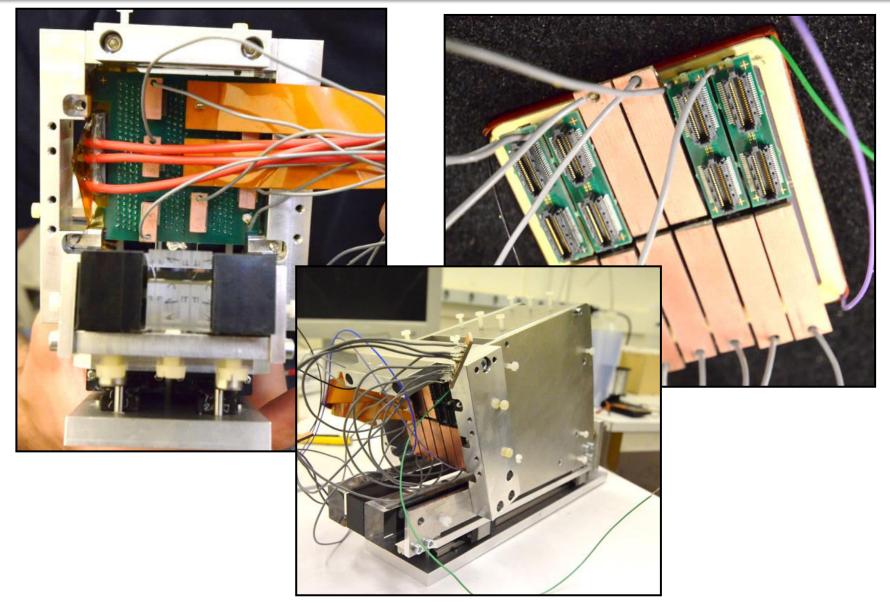


Hamamatsu

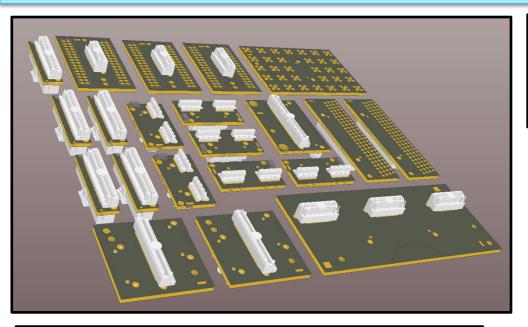


Testbeam 2015 at CERN

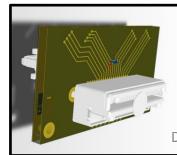
More info and results in Erik's talk

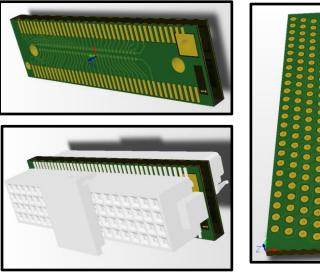


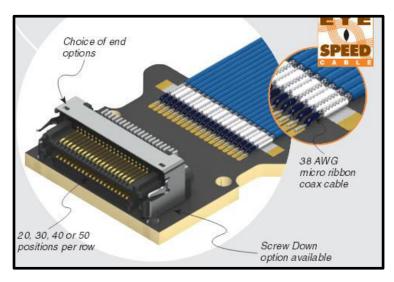
New Prototype Hardware



- CERN testbeam was very successful with old hardware
- However, the TOFPET ASIC seems to be very sensitive when using the unshielded flex cables
- Flex cables pick up noise in the magnet box
- Mechanical stability of connections can be improved
- Impedance control of flex prints is inacurate







Also used by Erlangen!

Summary

- Very promising (testbeam) results with both Hamamatsu and PHOTONIS tubes (see talk by Erik tomorrow)
- Ongoing research
 - Performance in magnetic fields
 - Compatability with the TOFPET ASIC
- New prototype on the way

Thank you

