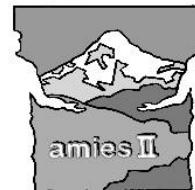


AMIES II - Midterm Meeting

Giessen, Rauschholzhausen in May 2016



Scenario Development for Sustainable Land Use
in the Greater Caucasus, Georgia

Project unit A

Land Use in the Study Region

- Remote Sensing as a Tool for Land-Use Mapping and Vegetation Modelling



Center for
International
Development and
Environmental Research



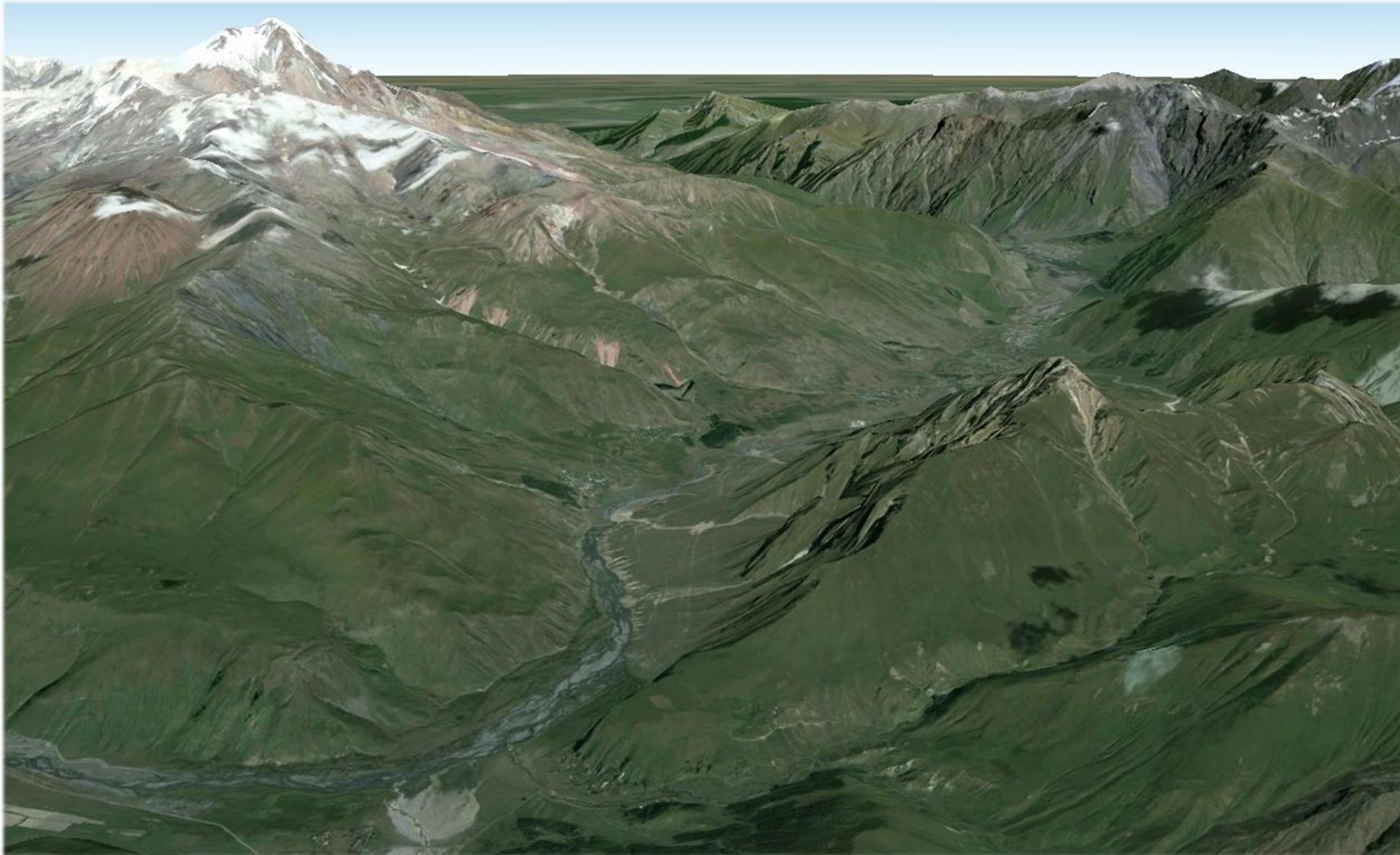
Ivane Javakhishvili
Tbilisi State
University

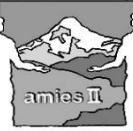


Ilia State
University



Agricultural
University
of Georgia



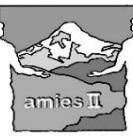


Aims



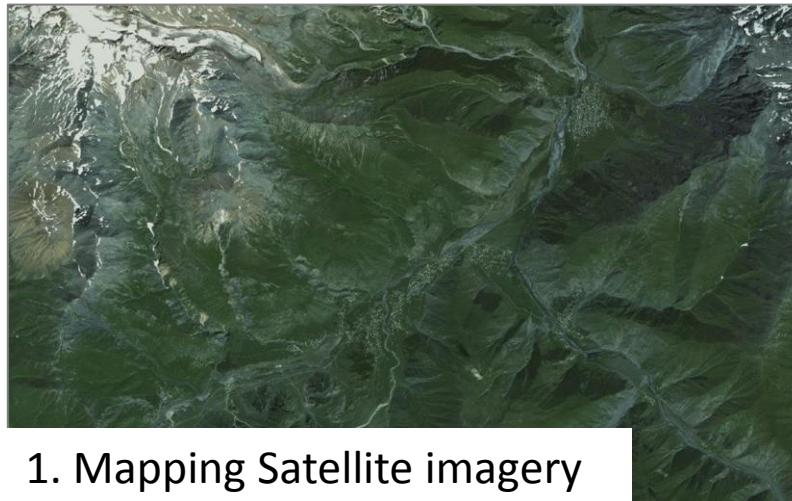
Main aims of my work are to:

- analyse the current land use & land cover.
- describe the current landscape structure.
- characterise the land use dynamics.
- develop normative scenarios.

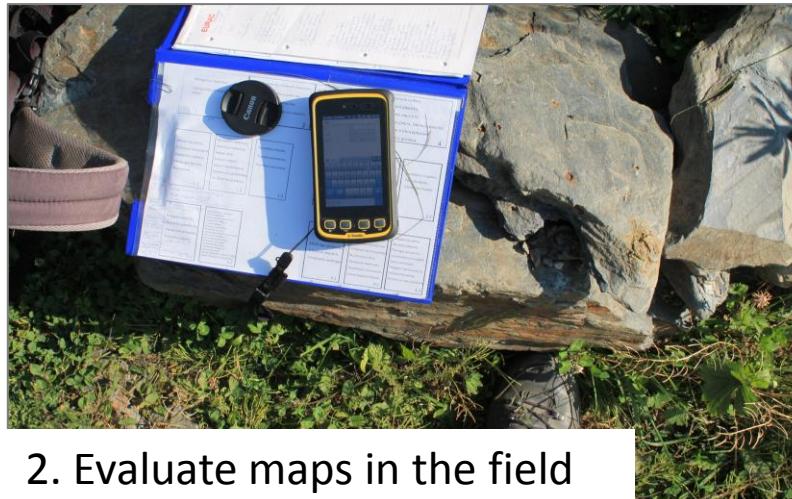


Analyse land use & land cover

Method



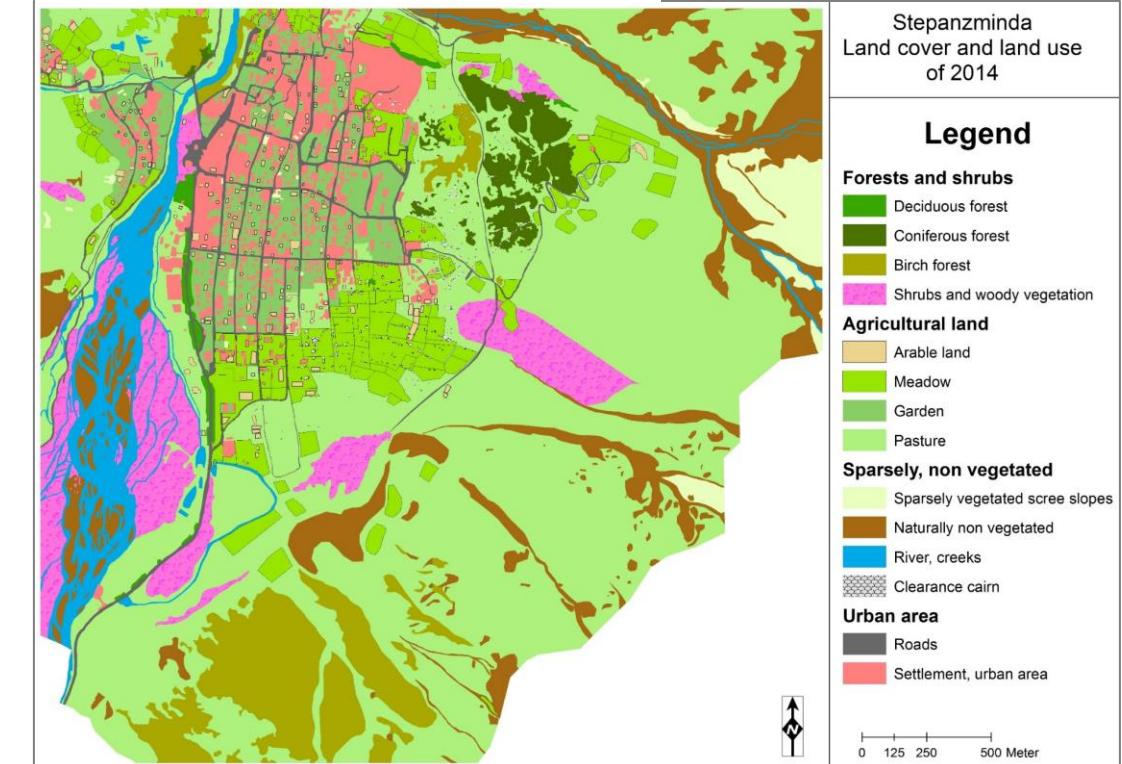
1. Mapping Satellite imagery



2. Evaluate maps in the field



3. Updated land use maps



Legend adapted by Dr. Simmering

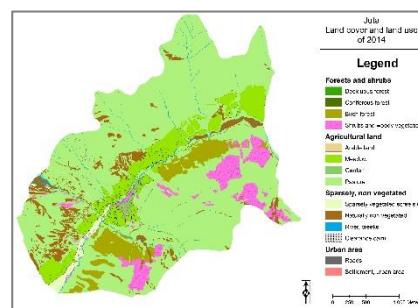


Analyse land use & land cover

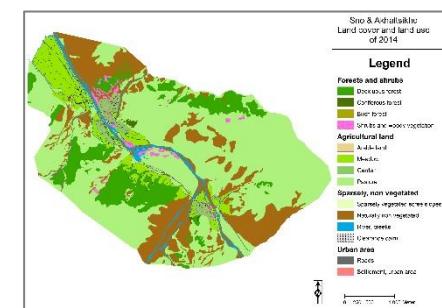


Study villages

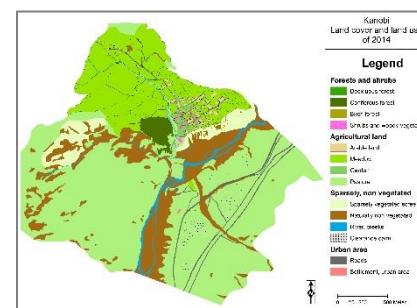
Juta



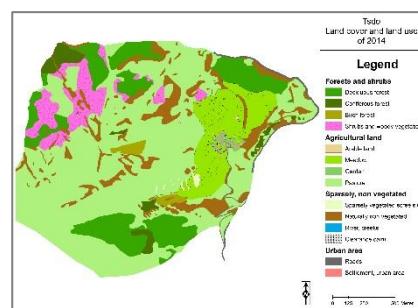
Sno & Akhaltsikhe



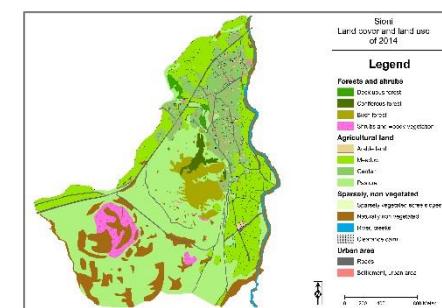
Kanobi



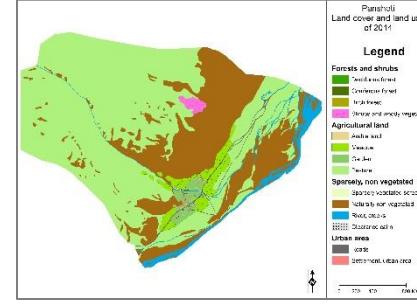
Tsdo



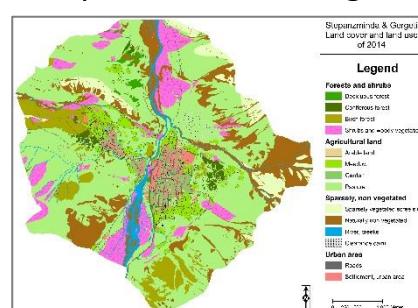
Sioni



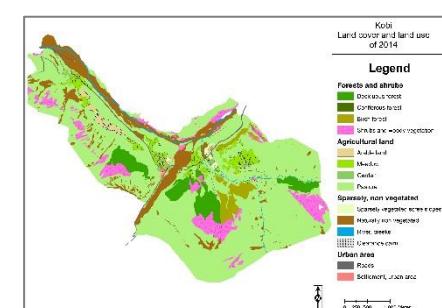
Pansheti



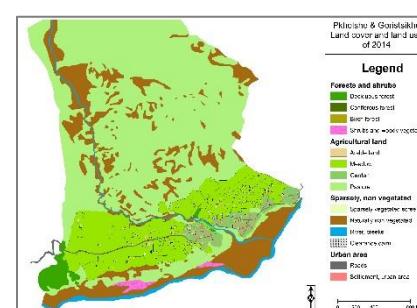
Stepanzminda & Gergeti



Kobi & Ukhati

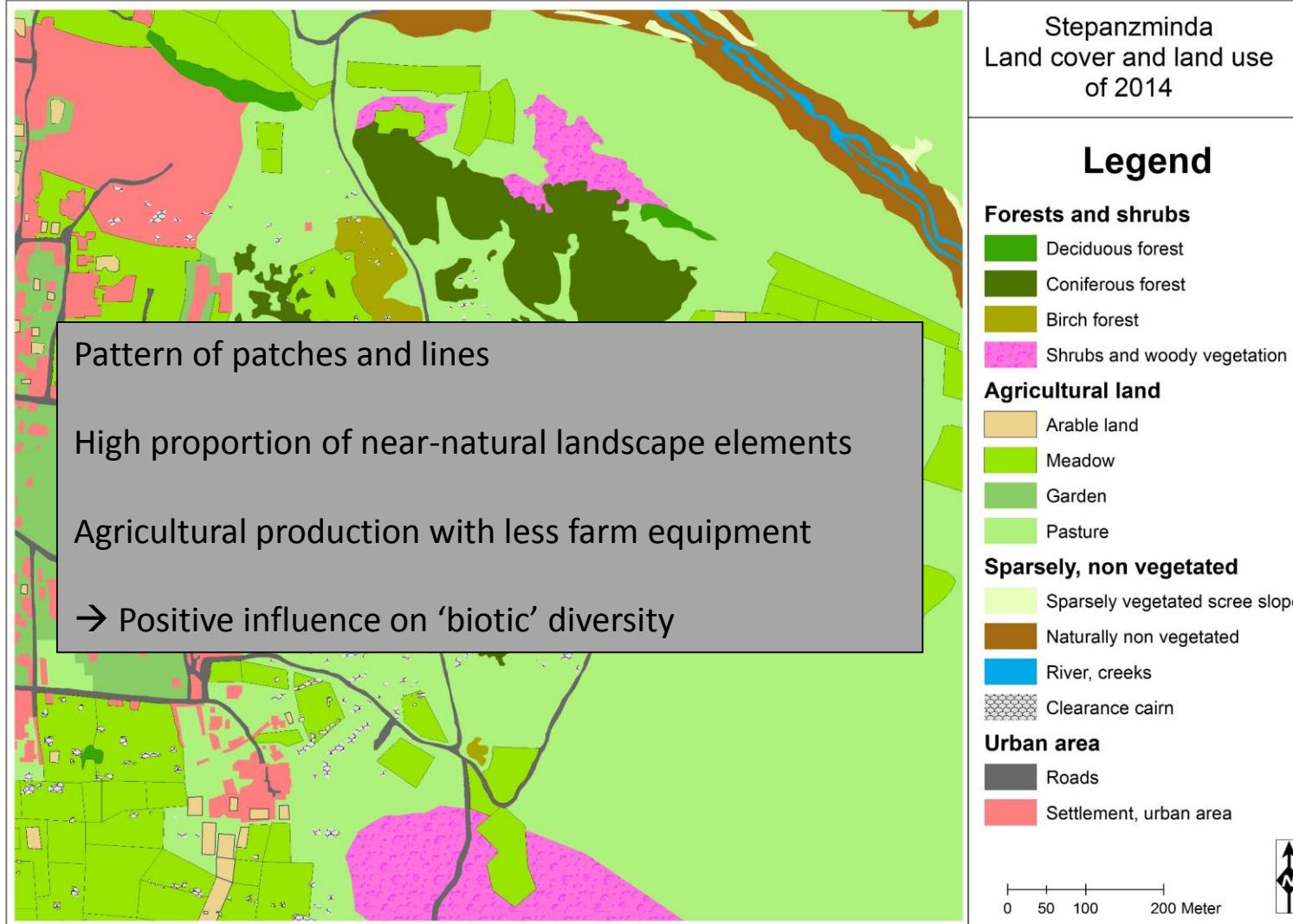


Pkhelshe & Gorisikhe



Analyse land use & land cover

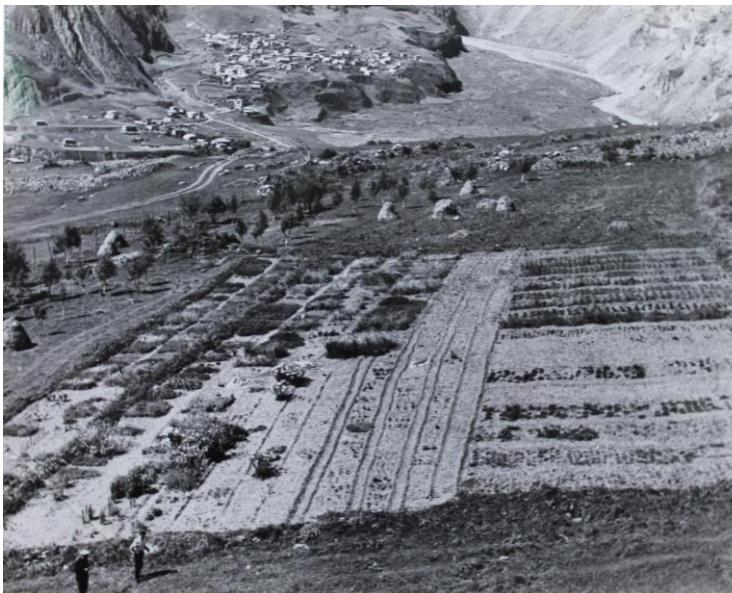
Landscape elements



- Pasture
- Hay meadow
- Small-scale arable fields
- Scattered orchards
- Forests
- Shrubs
- Path margins
- Clearance cairn
- Outcropping bedrocks
- Boulder debris
- Paludified depressions
- Ditches/ brooks

Different dates

1963

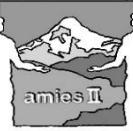


1987



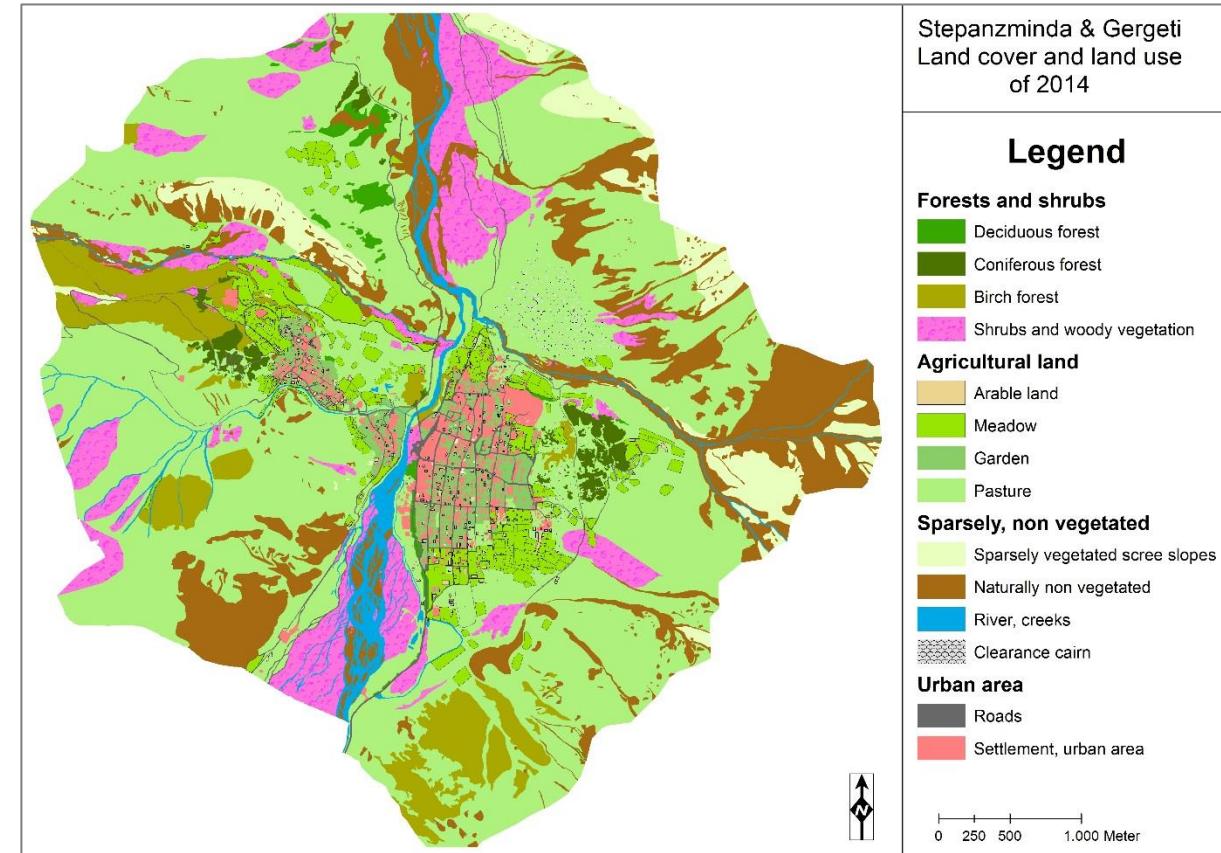
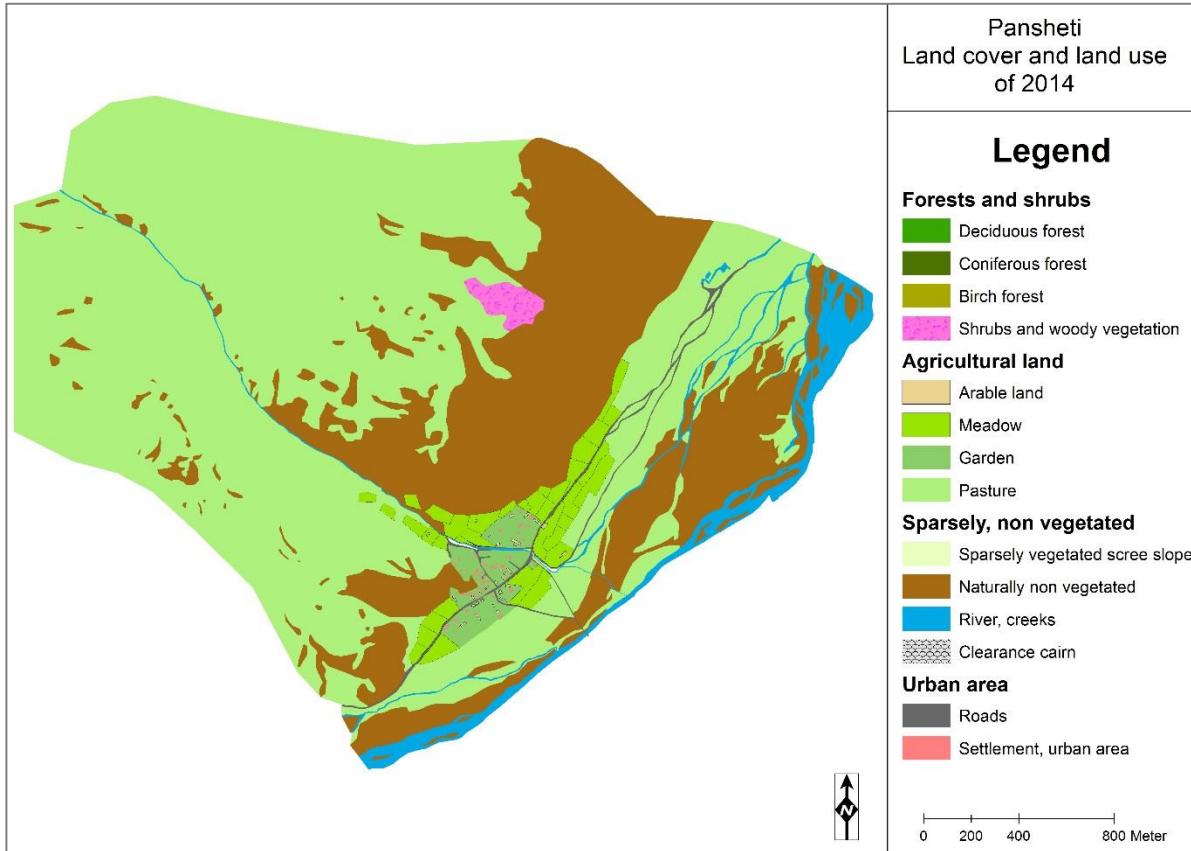
2014



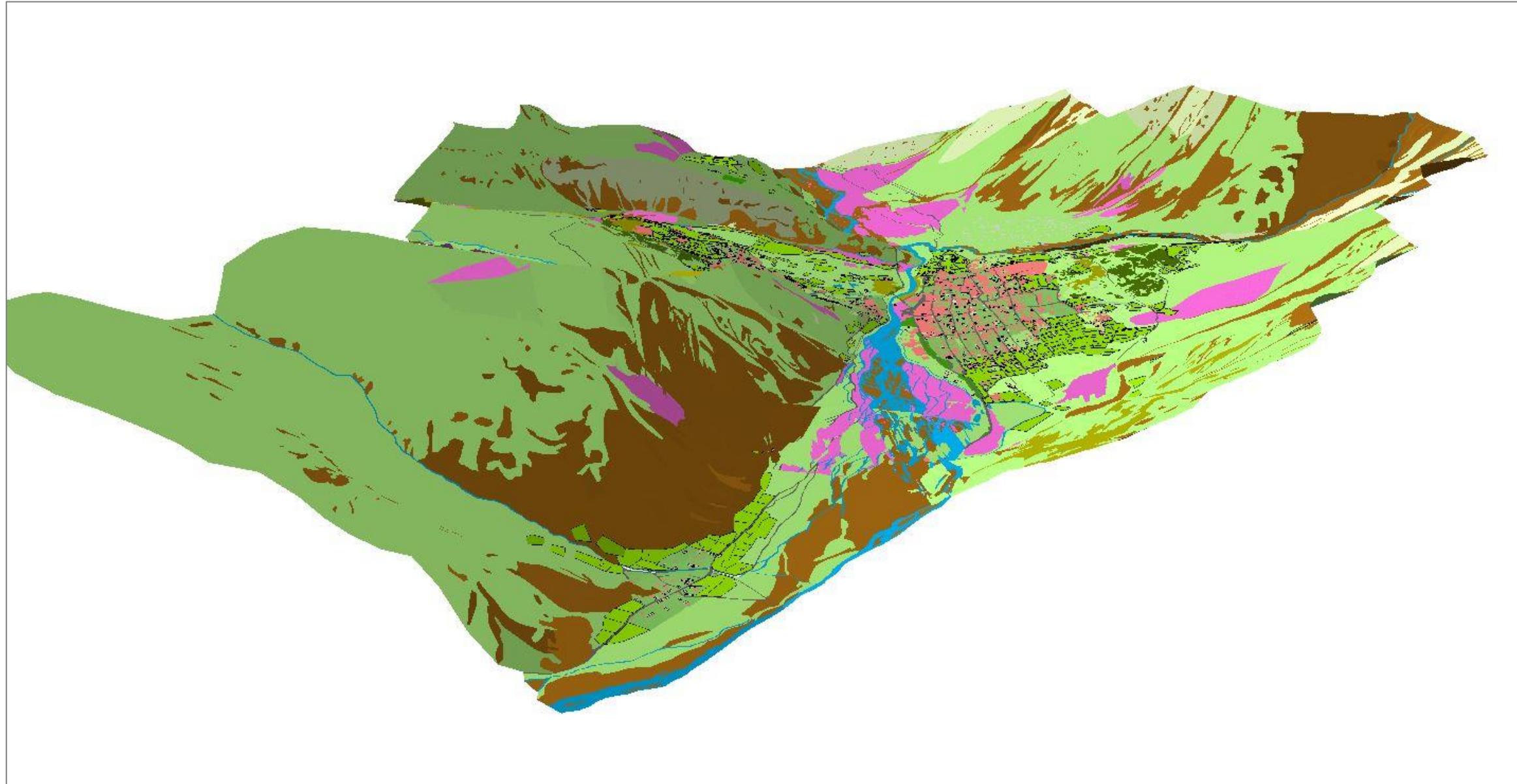


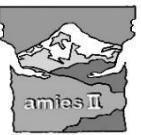
Analyse land use & land cover

Results



Analyse land use & land cover





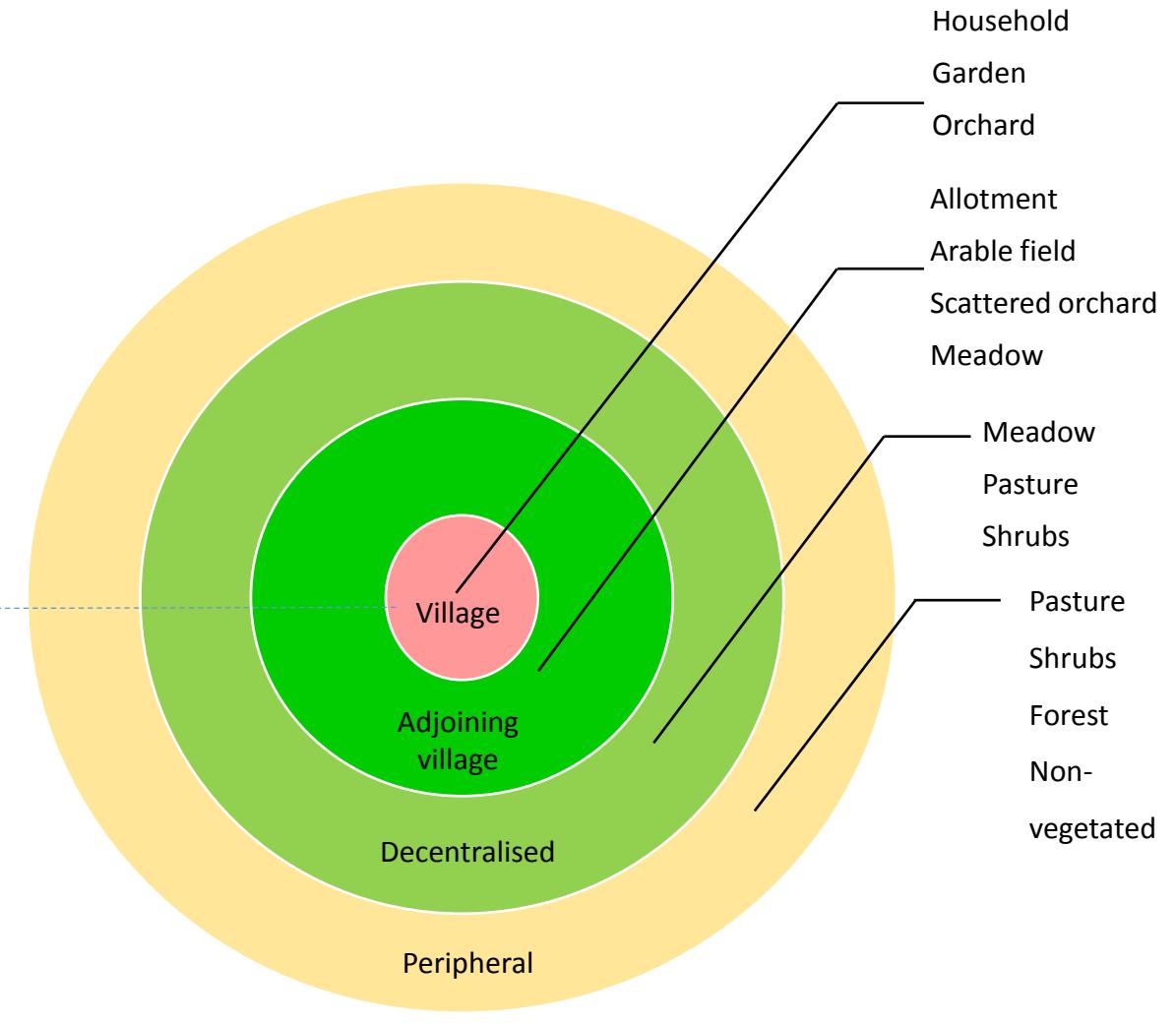
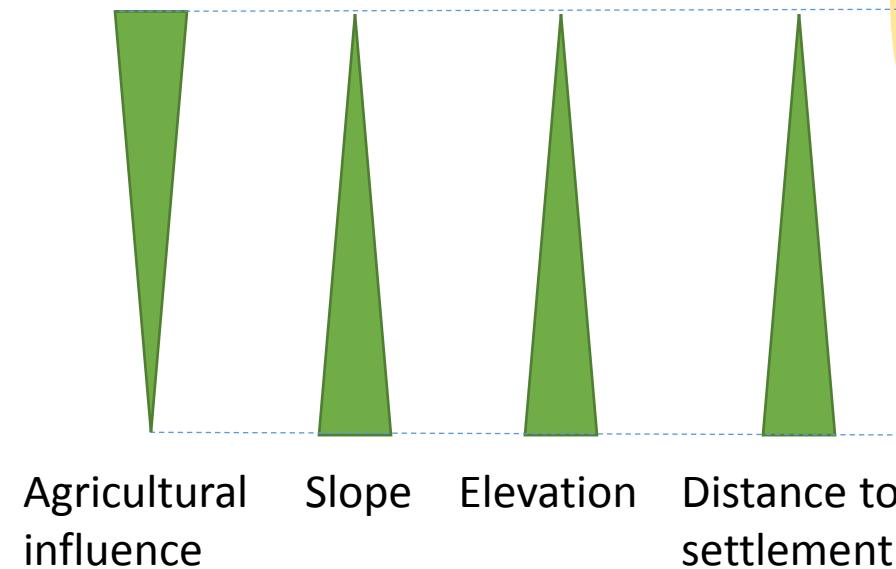
Analyse land use & land cover - Village statistics



Village	Cultivation	Livestock	Households
Tsdo	Arable fields: 0.4 ha Hay meadow: 33 ha Pasture: 172 ha	0 Glasshouses	Cattle : 21 (summer) 3 HH whole year
Stepanzminda & Gergeti	Arable fields: 9.5 ha Hay meadow: 163 ha Pasture: 1114 ha	47 Glasshouses	Cattle : 210 (spring)
Pansheti	Arable fields: 0.5 ha Hay meadow: 30 ha Pasture: 426 ha	7 Glasshouses	Cattle: 47 (summer) 20 HH in summer
Sno & Akhalsikhe	Arable fields: 3.9 ha Hay meadow: 171 ha Pasture: 956 ha	17 Glasshouses	
Pkhelshe & Gorisikhe	Arable fields: 4.9 ha Hay meadow: 130 ha Pasture: 381 ha	13 Glasshouses	Cattle: 190 (spring) 100 (summer)
Sioni	Arable fields: 4.4 ha Hay meadow: 151 ha Pasture: 188 ha	14 Glasshouses	Cattle: 82 (summer) 12 heifer
Kanobi	Arable fields: 3.9 ha Hay meadow: 95 ha Pasture: 280 ha	0 Glasshouses	
Kobi & Ukhati	Arable fields: 18.2 ha Hay meadow: 76 ha Pasture: 1060 ha	0 Glasshouses	
Juta	Arable fields: 0.6 ha Hay meadow: 107 ha Pasture: 706 ha	0 Glasshouses	

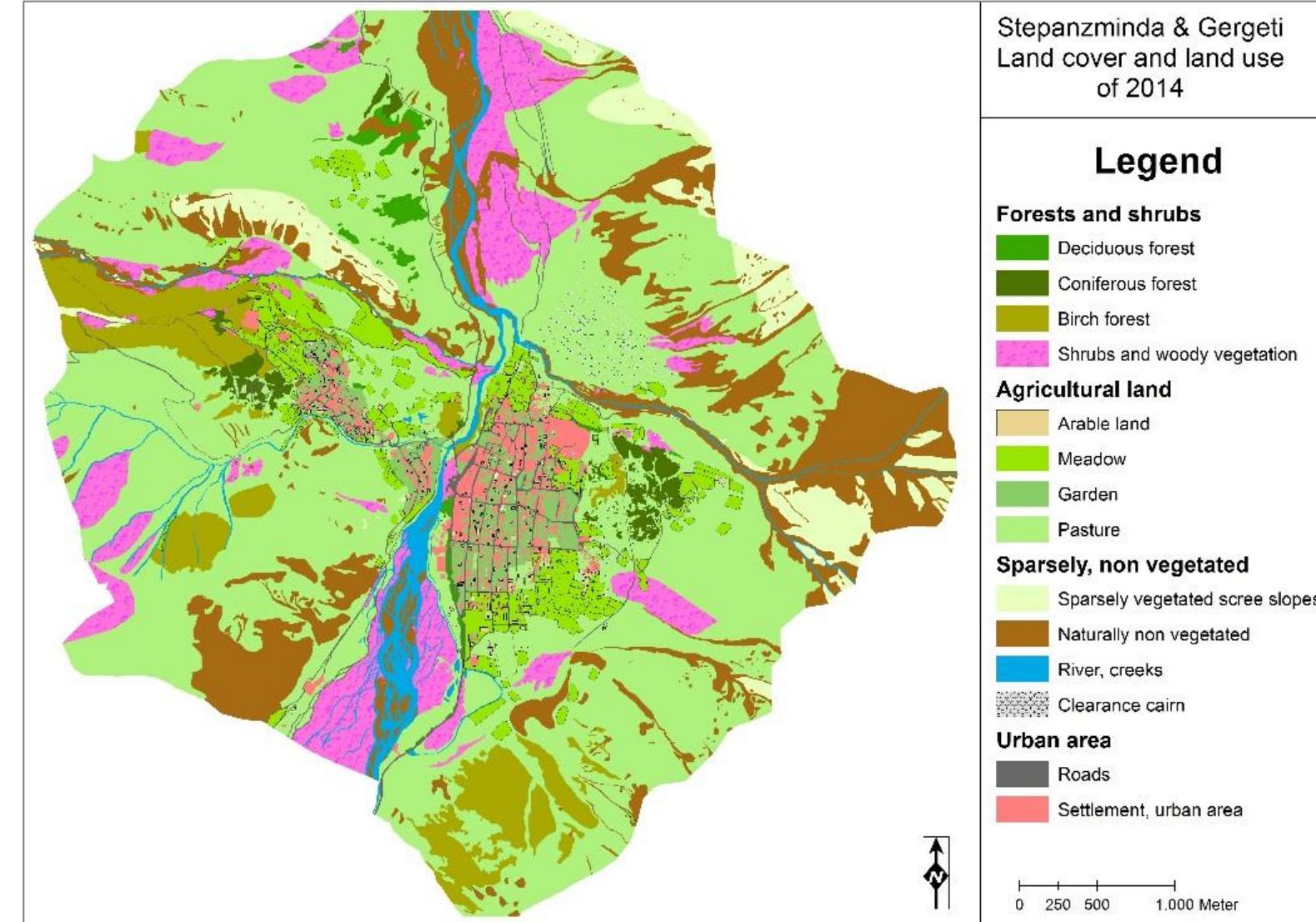
Describe the current landscape structure

Landscape structure



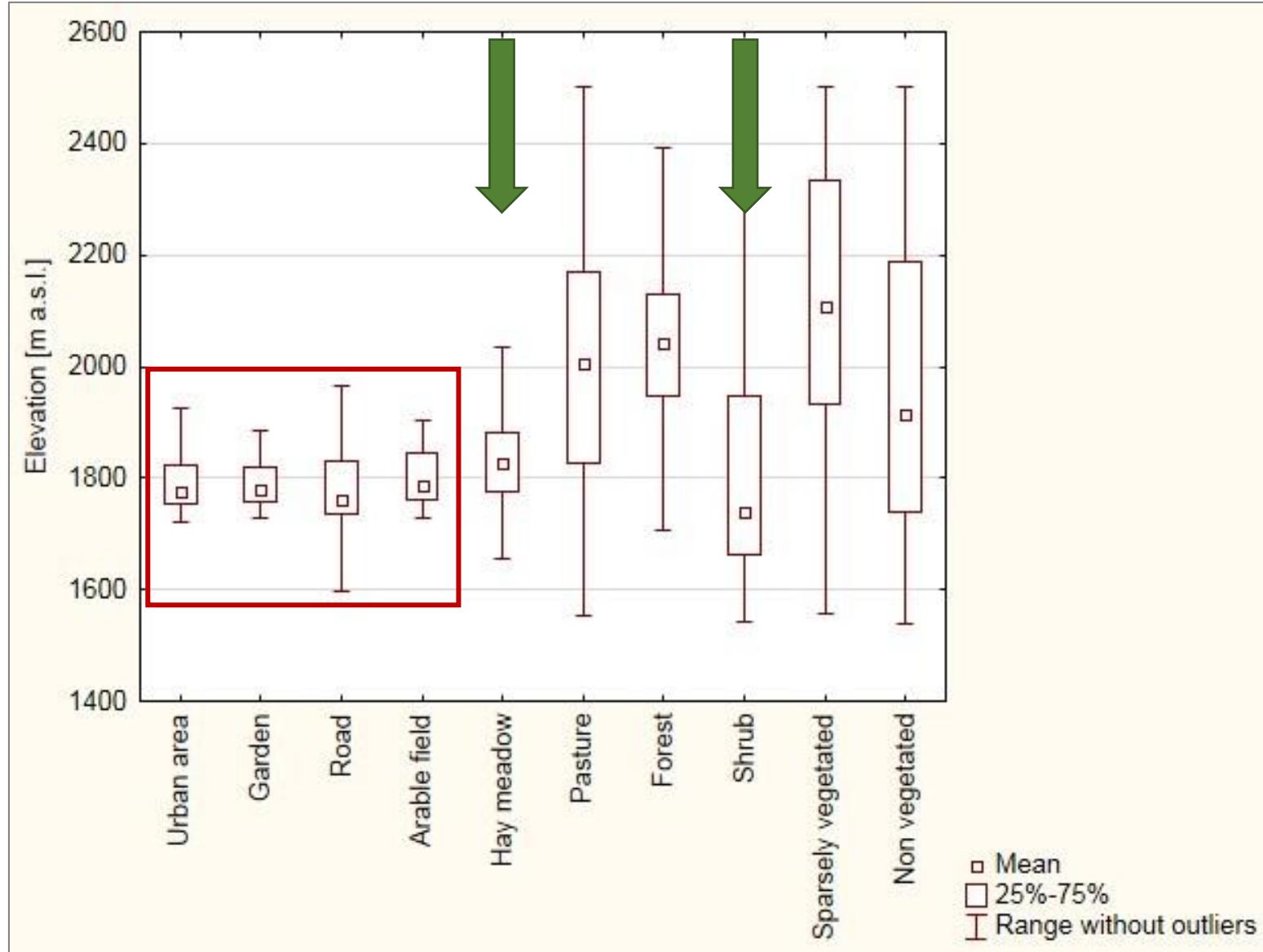
Describe the current landscape structure

Site conditions



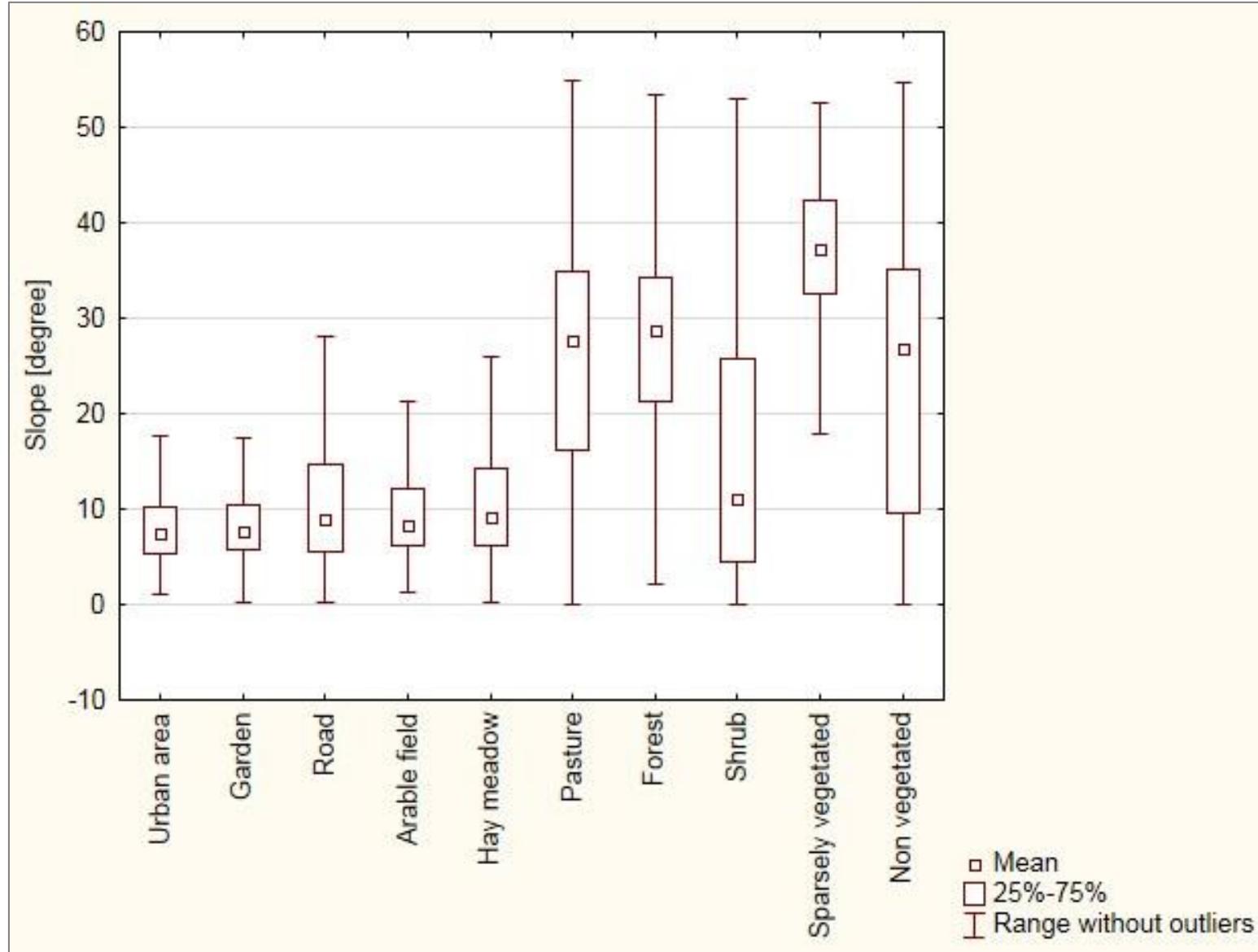
Describe the current landscape structure

Elevation



Describe the current landscape structure

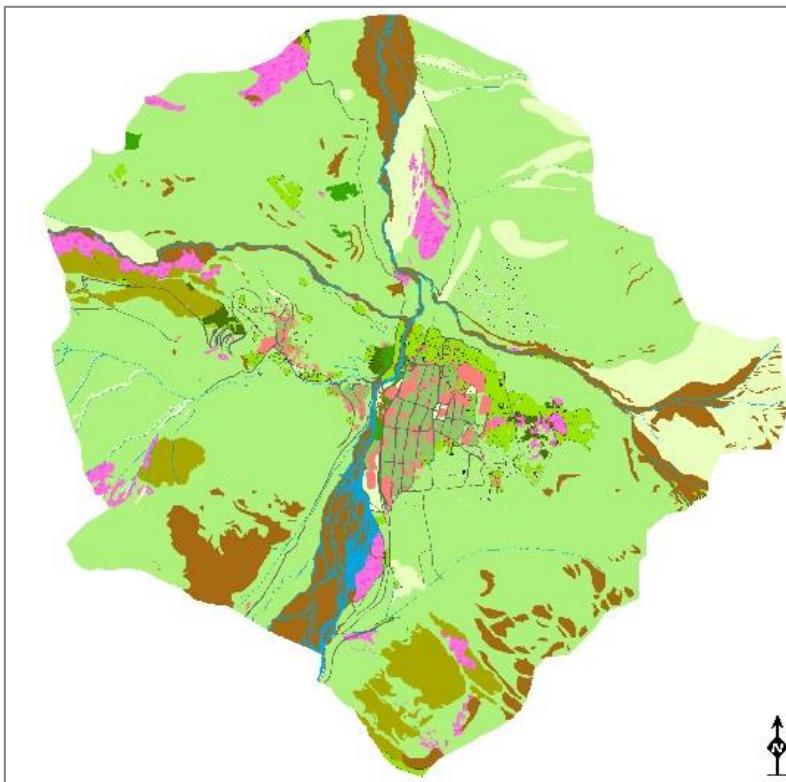
Slope



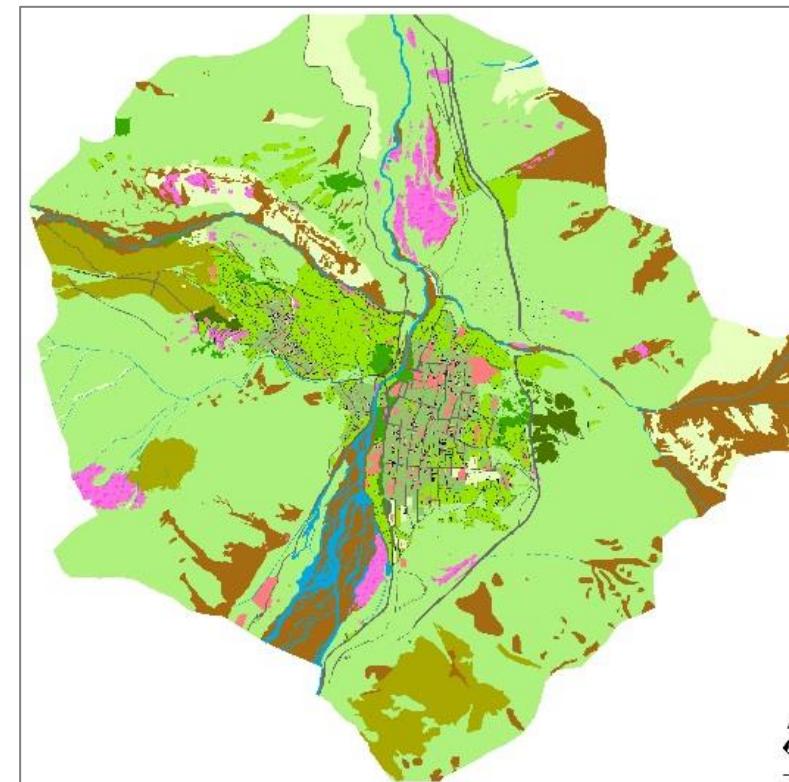
Characterise the land use dynamics

Example Stepanzminda

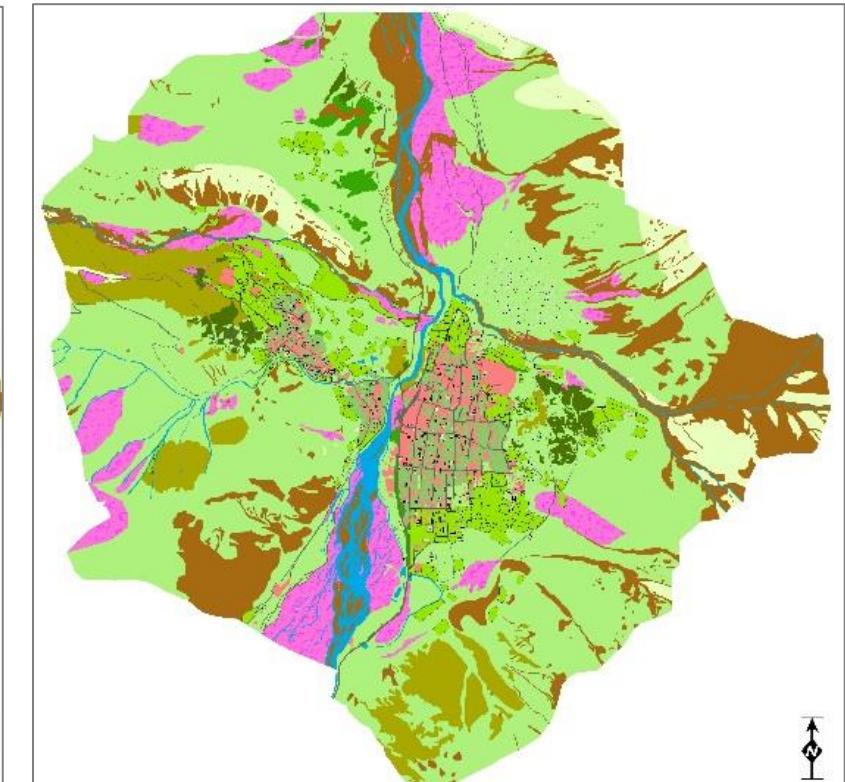
1971



1987

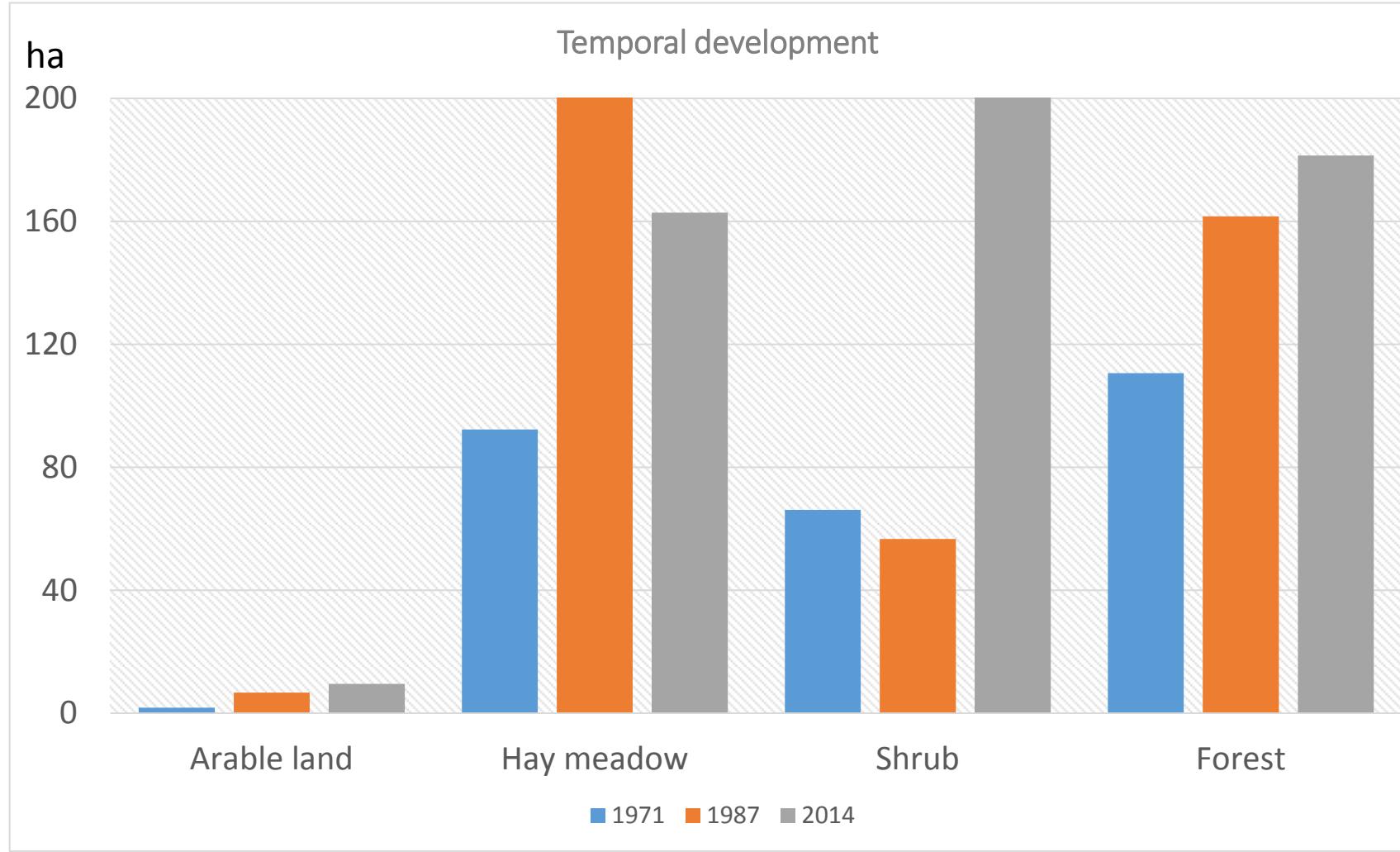


2014



Characterise the land use dynamics

Example Stepanzminda

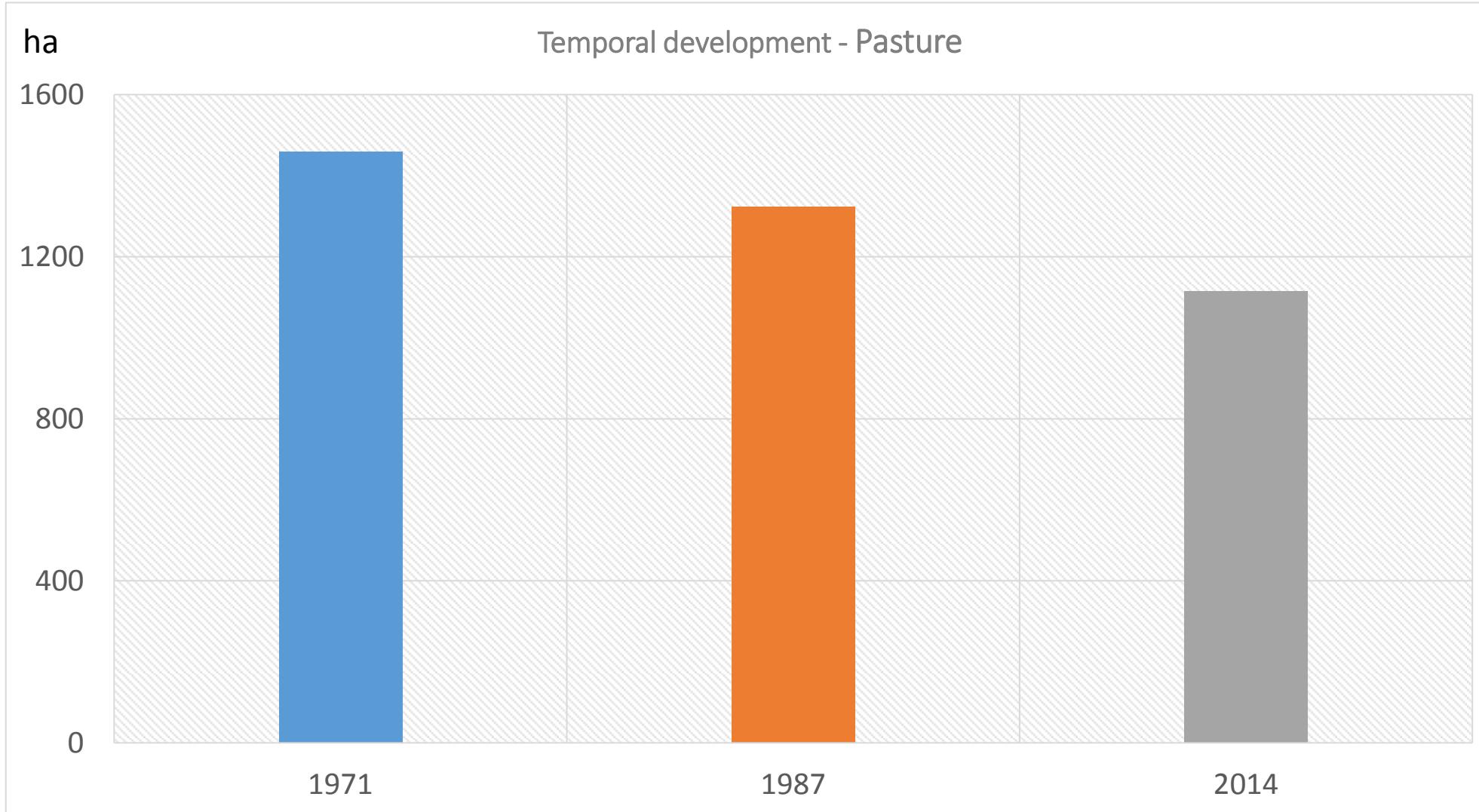


Year	Total area of classes
1971	1730.5 ha
1987	1749.8 ha
2014	1669.2 ha



Characterise the land use dynamics

Example Stepanzminda



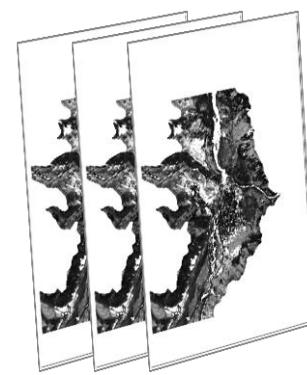
Outlook



Historical & current
agricultural land use and land cover

Physical parameters:

- Distance to settlement
- Elevation
- Aspect
- Slope
- Curvature
- Climatic data



Disciplinary result (B + C)

Thematic maps, spatially explicit

→ Determination of productivity/ carrying capacity of the landscape

+ Agricultural economic data (Disciplinary result D)

(household-level ,‘micro-economic unit’ to regional level)

+ Marketing structures (Disciplinary result D)

→ Develop sustainable land use scenarios

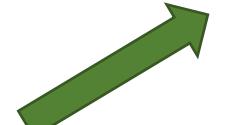
→ Visualization of the scenarios

Normative scenarios

Example scenario for increasing arable land

I. Increase of arable fields? (e.g. by 25 %)

- Village or regional level



II. Where?

1. Which conditions are suitable?



2. Rule based site selections

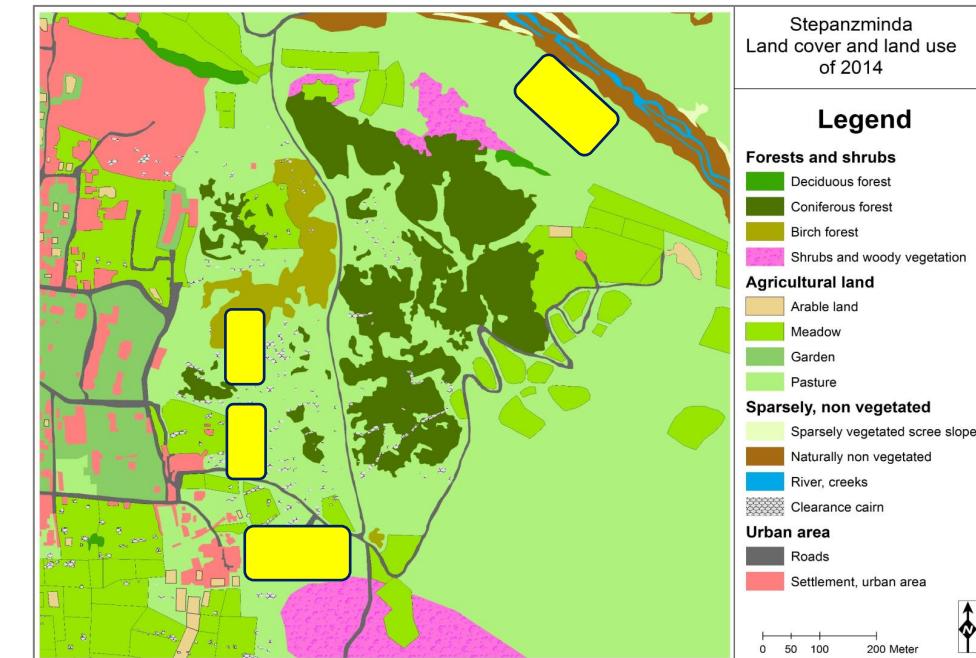
Conditions (assessed by relevance)

Distance to settlement (e.g. < 2.5 km²)

Aspect → incoming solar radiation

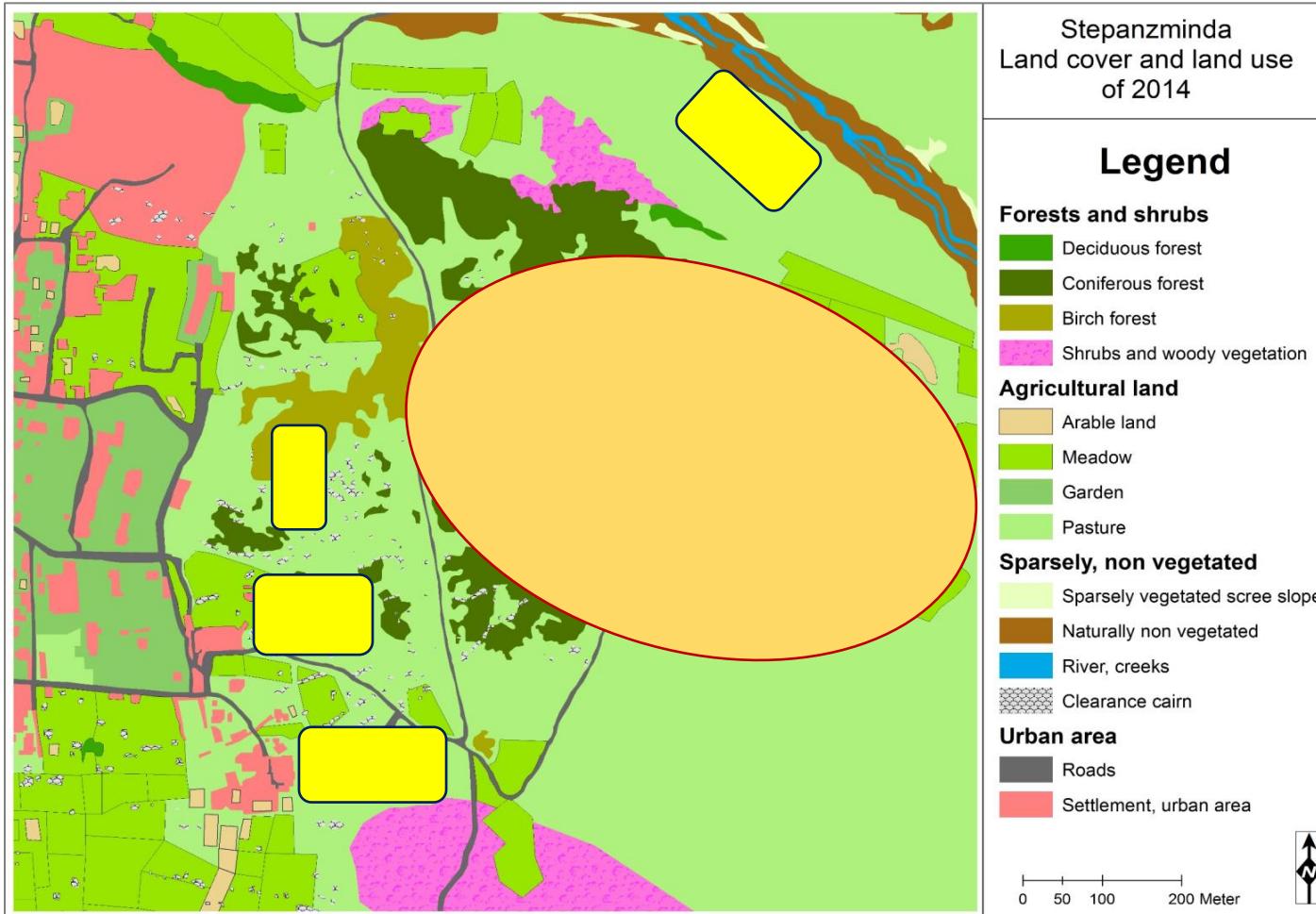
Soil thickness

Slope (e.g. < 10°)



Normative scenarios

Example scenario for increasing arable land



New arable fields



Blocked for skiing (e.g.)

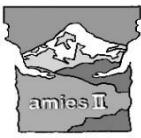
Is it a question of suitable conditions?
Or a question which land use/ land
cover can be abandoned for?

Scenarios

These scenarios are evaluable, changeable and comparable among themselves

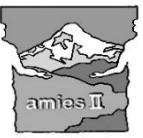
Thank you for your attention





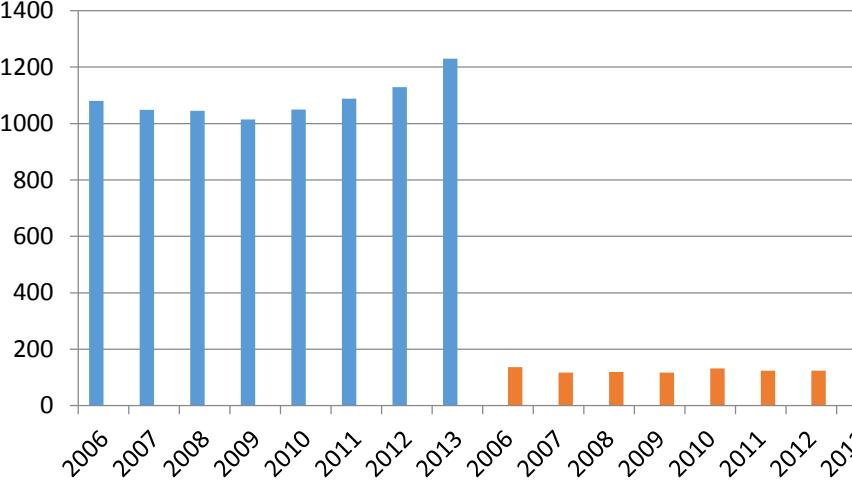
Additional



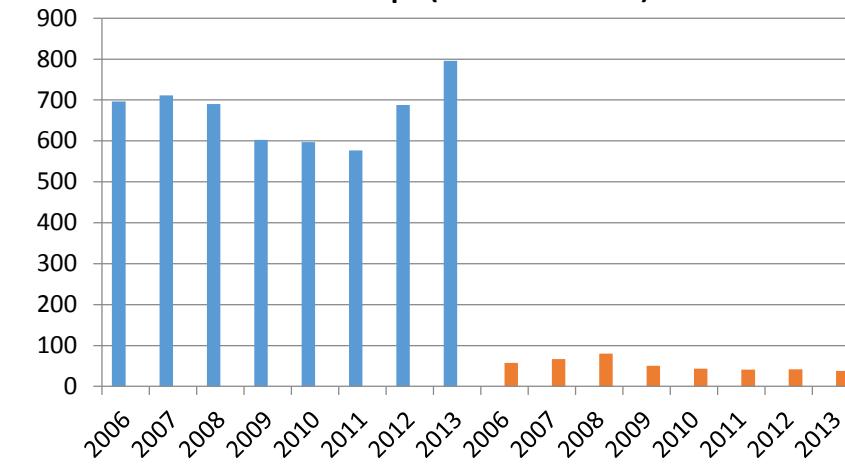


Livestock

Cattle (ths. heads)



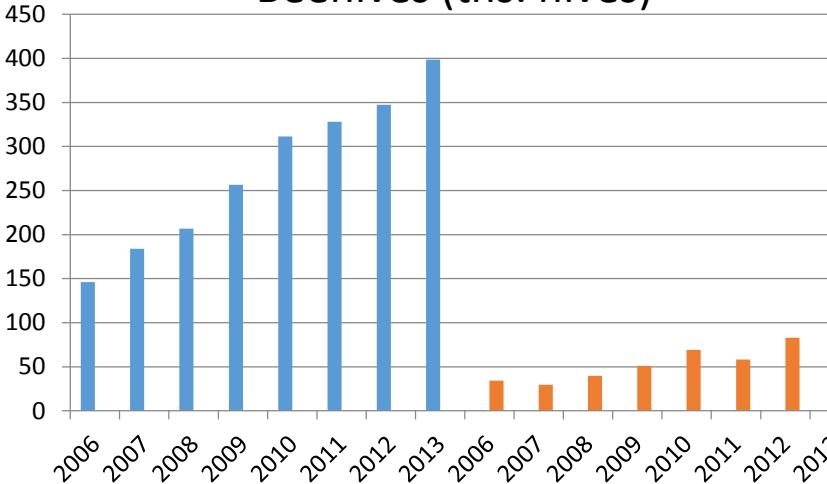
Sheep (ths. heads)



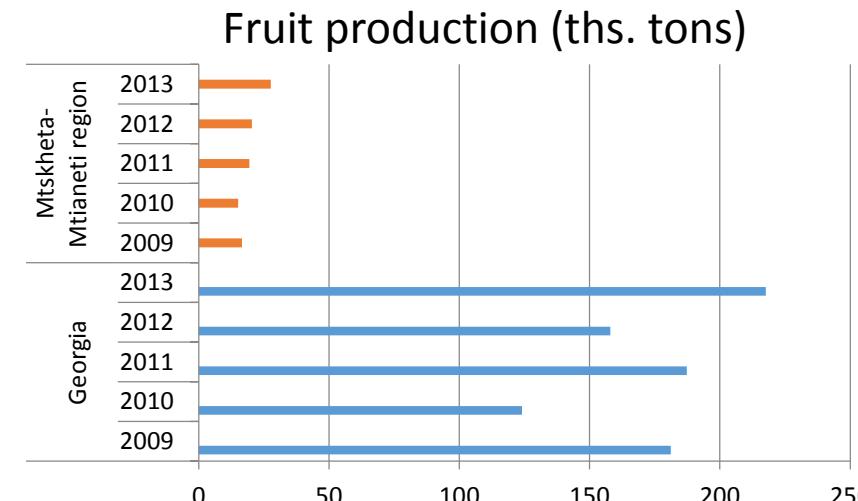
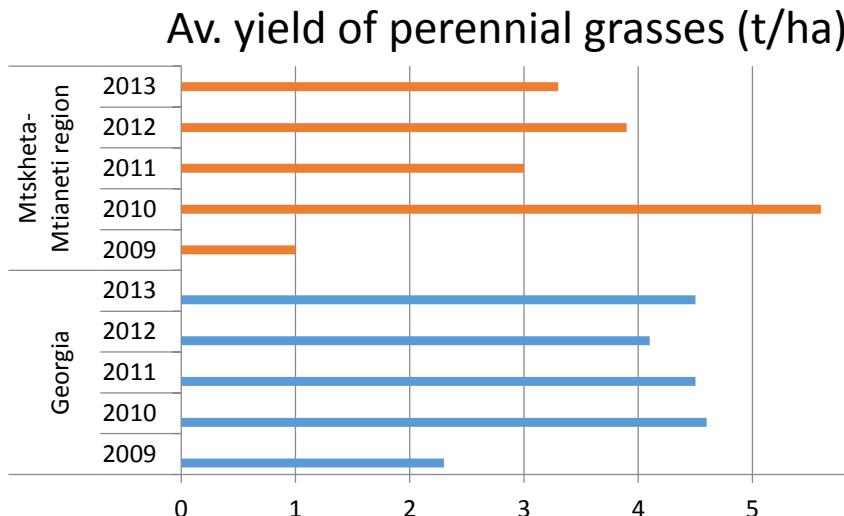
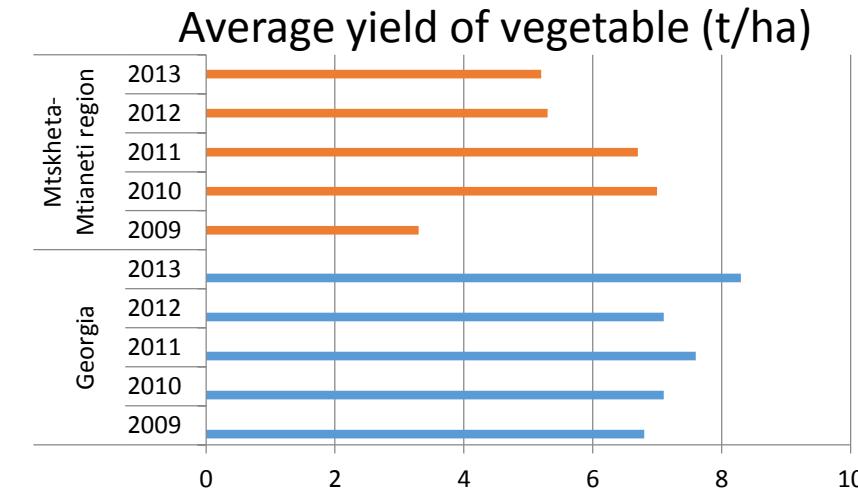
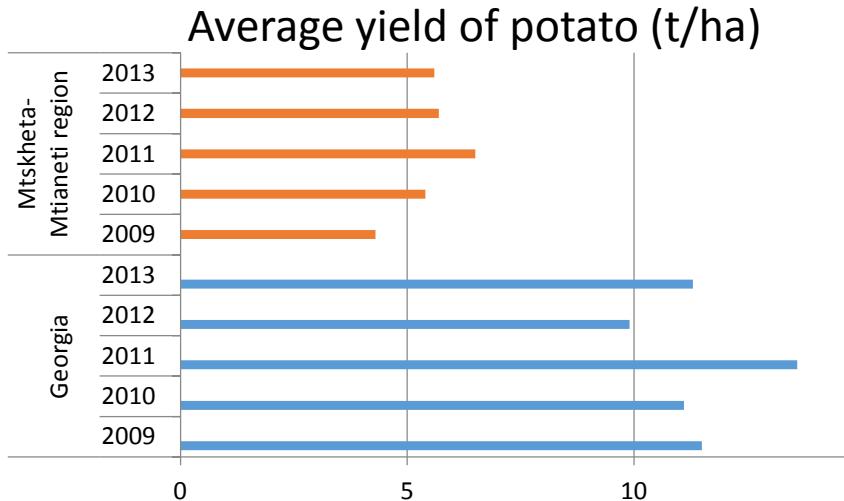
Georgia

Mtskheta-Mtianeti region

Beehives (ths. hives)



Current agricultural parameters



Site conditions – biomass production

